# VISIONS OF LAND USE TRANSITIONS IN EUROPE



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**VOLANTE** 







### Collaborative Project (large scale integrating project) under the 7<sup>th</sup> Framework Programme of the European Commission. Running from 1 Nov. 2010 until 30 April 2015 Budget: 6,997,101.75

Alterra	Lead Partner – DLO Wageningen UR	The Netherlands
UEDIN	Edinburgh University	United Kingdom
UNIKLU	Institute of Social Ecology	Austria
VUA	VU University Amsterdam	The Netherlands
PIK	Potsdam Institute for Climate Impact Research	Germany
UCPH	Copenhagen University	Denmark
EFI	European Forest Institute	int.
CNRS	CNRS Grenoble	France
Aegean	University of the Aegean	Greece
UNIBUC	Bucharest University	Romania
JRC	JRC-IES	int.
UBER	Humboldt University Berlin	Germany
NERI-AU	National Environmental Research Institute	Denmark
PROSPEX	PROSPEX bvba (SME)	Belgium









### **VOLANTE:** about future land use

#### Aiming to:

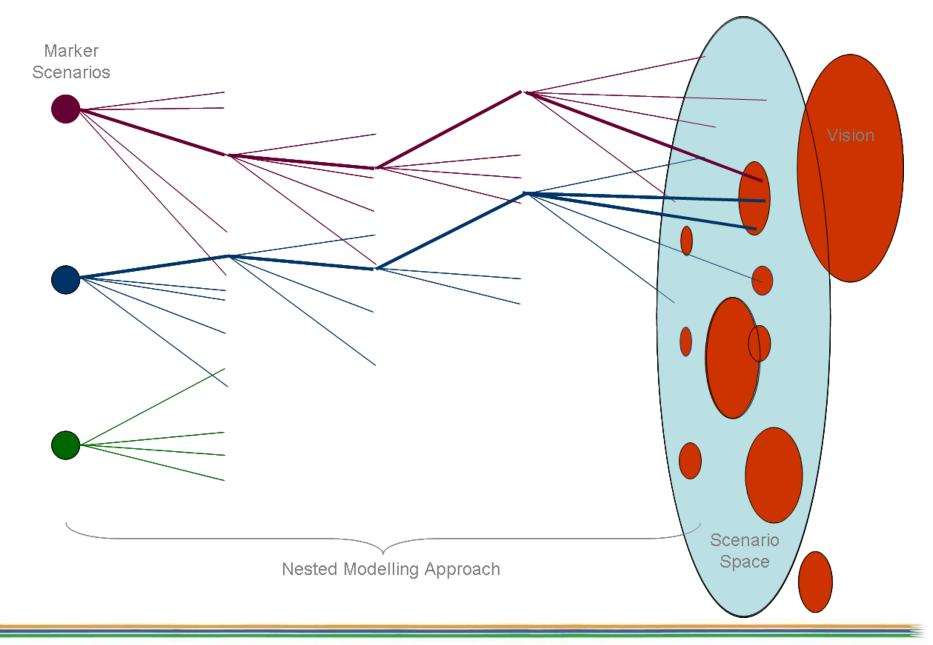
- Identify clear visions of European land use policy and land management
- Reduce the large variation in possible land use scenarios for the future to a manageable set
- Identify crucial points of no return both in history and in potential future
- Identify and evaluate policy options for the various landscapes of Europe and for shorter and longer term perspectives, to achieve desired futures
- Focus on a Roadmapping workshop where prominent decision makers and stakeholders interactively discuss the conclusions of this evaluation
- Result: Portfolio of Roadmaps for Future Land Resources Management in Europe





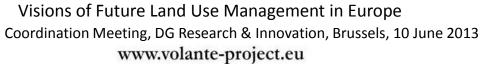






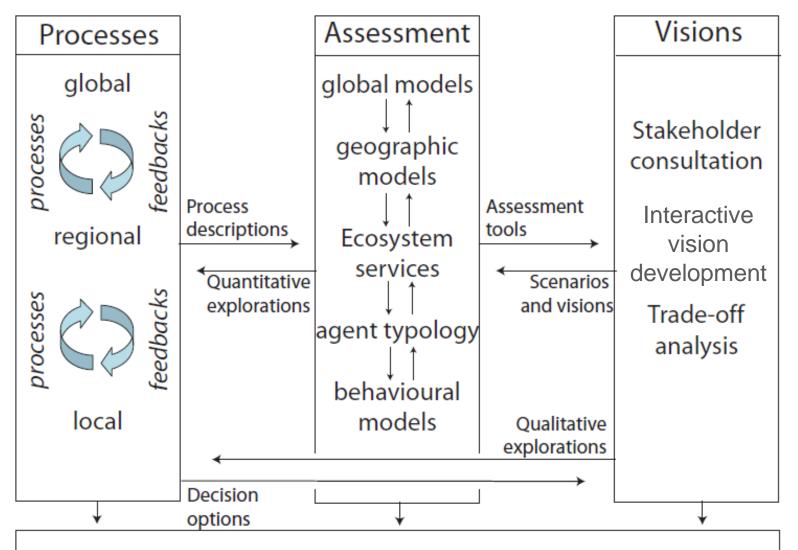












Roadmap of pathways to sustainable land management











# **Processes Case studies** (Municipalities)

- Roskilde (DK): intensive, rapid transformation, urban.
- Reichraming (AU): rural, forested, land abandonment and agricultural intensification.
- Stăncuţa (RO): wetland area, Natura 2000, integrated nature protection / sustainable use.
- Rătești (RO): Post-socialist land use change processes.
- Aegean Islands (GR): tourism and the associated functions and lifestyles.
- Portofino regional park (IT). Abandonment, forestry 6. and tourism development.
- Heerde (NL): Agricultural landscape, urban pressure











# Preliminary results Case studies

- Portofino regional park (IT) and Aegean Islands (GR) show decrease in land use intensity.
- Stăncuţa (RO) and Răteşti (RO) show an increase in land use intensity. Also Reichraming (AU) has a tendency of increased land use intensity.
- Roskilde (DK) and Heerde (NL) remain the same, but the farming population is different, since there are fewer full-time farmers and urban pressures are evident.











# Literature study on land use and landscape change as a result of European policies

- Italy, Denmark, Greece, Malta, Cyprus, Netherlands, Romania, Sweden
- Only a small number of studies include detailed spatial inventories and are of good quality.
- A knowledge gap concerning the impact of several policies. CAP and Natura2000 have been studied better.
- Countries are in different stages of transposition of EU policy and implementation. In southern Europe progress is limited. In Romania, Malta and Cyprus the accession to the EU is recent, not documented
- Little result-oriented research takes place; the larger evaluation programs rather focus on 'output' measurement and evaluation.
- There appears to be a sectoral approach, focused on landscape or policy analysis, the socio-economic and political issues are drivers for land-use change, but no specific policy is studied in a spatial analysis of impacts.



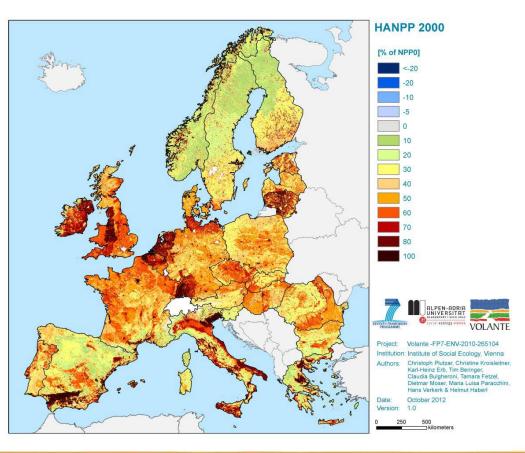




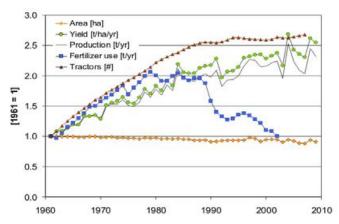




# Preliminary results: European-wide maps of recent changes in agriculture, forest systems and Human Appropriation of Net Primary Production

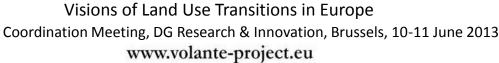


HANPP is an indicator of land use intensity that compares the amount of biomass energy remaining in ecosystems under current land use with the amount that would be available without land use.













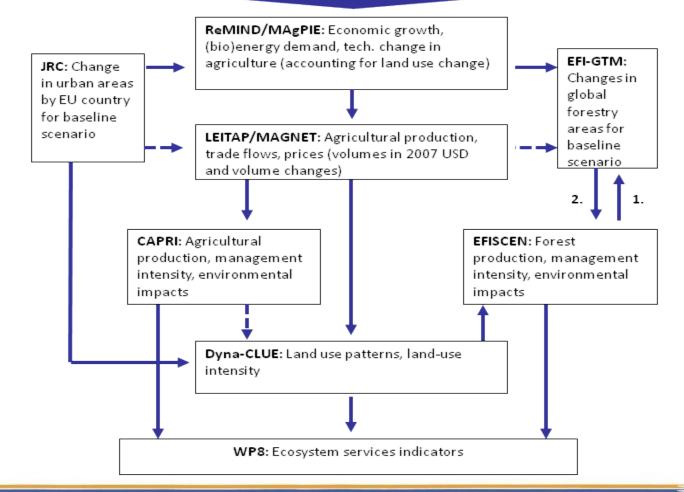


# Preliminary results: linking models

Marker scenario inputs (modified SRES)

#### LEITAP/MAGNET:

Changes in net trade for EU-27 and global by sectors for baseline scenario





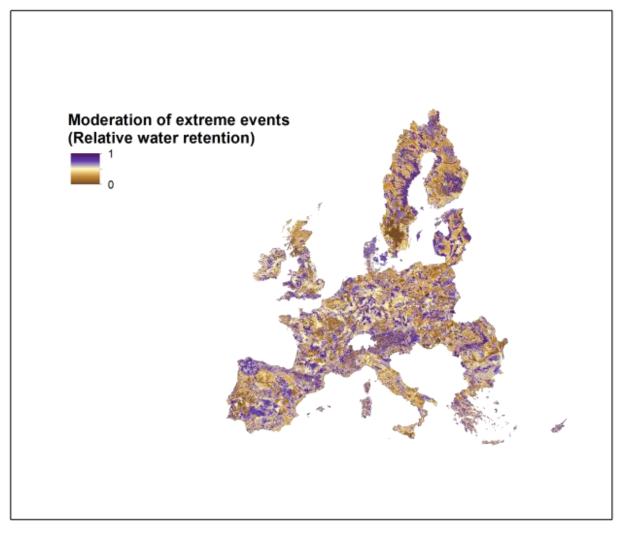








Preliminary model results: Ecosystems in Europe



Moderation of flood events estimated by the relative water retention potential

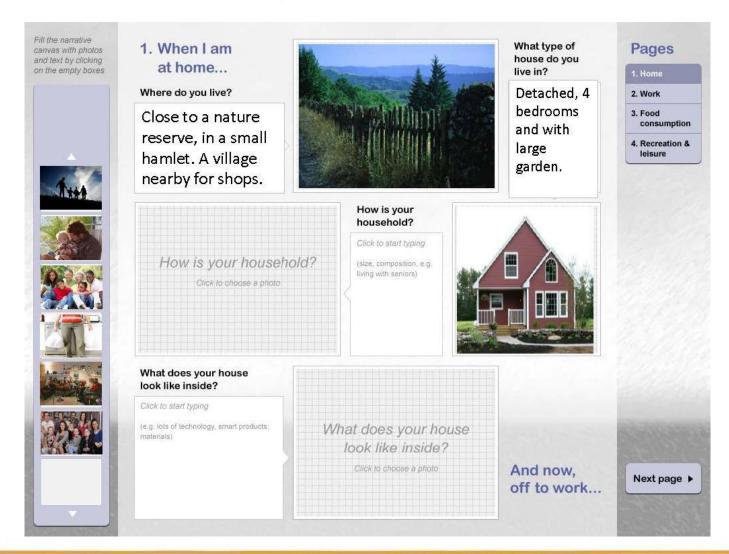








# **Extracting visions: Canvas tool**



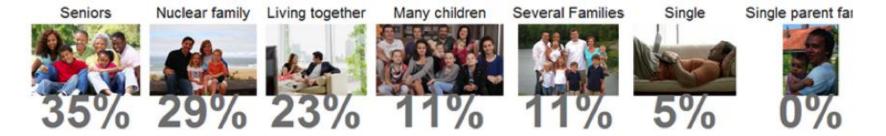








# **Extracting visions: Crowd sourcing**



#### Where will you live?



#### Housing





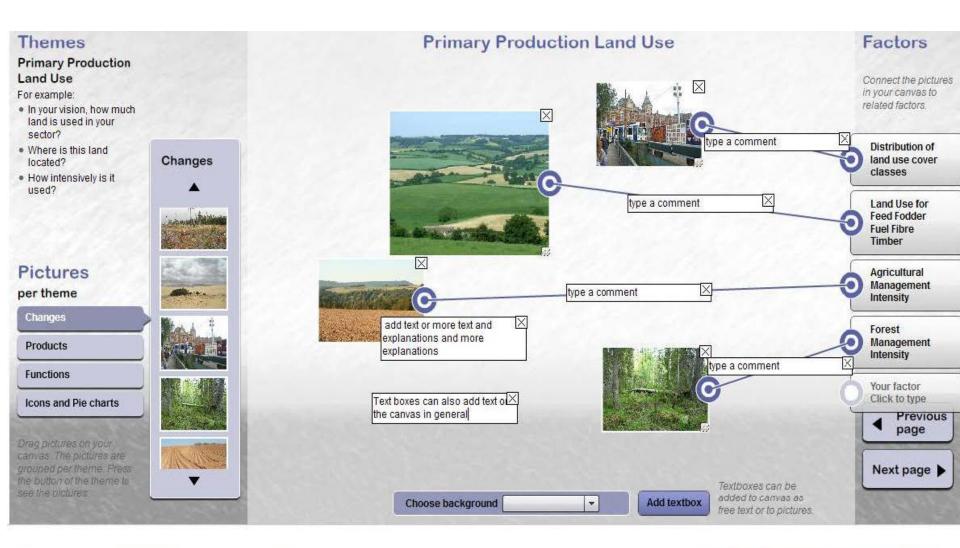




Earth house



## **Canvas tool: sectoral**













# Preliminary results: one of the visions

- Density as opposed to urban sprawl, so using space efficiently (e.g. vertical living, using brownfields)
- Polycentric development of medium sized cities, growth limited by green belts: urban sprawl would increase travel and make transport inefficient
- Social contacts and services of general interest are near
- Well planned infrastructures; intra-urban, inter-urban and interregional









# **Aims of the Roadmapping Process**

- Produce outcomes that are
  - a) relevant for decision-makers (Salient);
  - b) Credible: adequate scientific methodological and empirical work;
  - c) Legitimate: incorporating divergent values in a non-biased context.
- Provide optimal synthesis and integration of project results and provide the basis for knowledge transfer from VOLANTE to the identified stakeholder groups
- Decide on recommended pathways for land use development
- Create Roadmaps for Future Land Resource Management, as a meaningful set of recommendations, supported by high level representatives of policy, NGO and private sector stakeholders





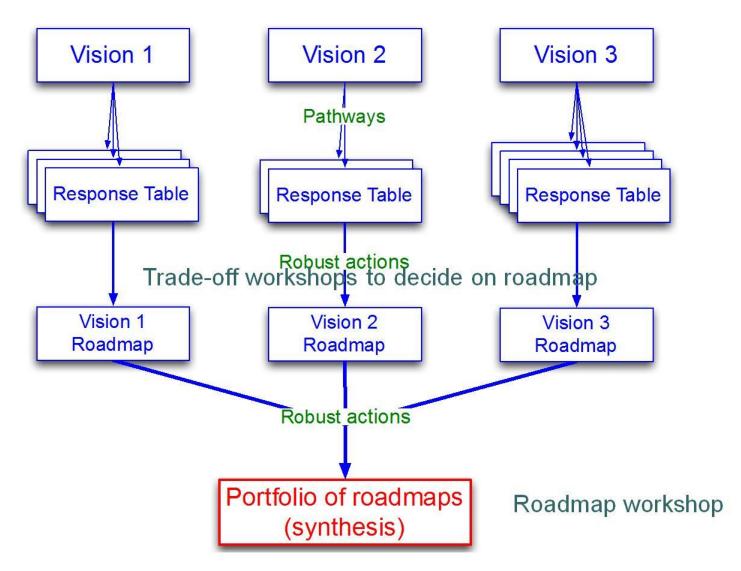




Database: Vision 1 **VOLANTE** Fixed: **NAVIGATOR** pre-defined conditions Scenario 1 Scenario 2 Scenario 3 **Pathways** Standardisation Finite set of Time actions Type Response Table (Action) Sectors/ Places Description, Indicators & Time Robust **Barriers** Current Type actions Vision 1 trade-offs between pathways Roadmap 2











# **Roadmapping Products**

- 1. Concise **report** with focus on Recommendations for Future Land Resource Management in Europe.
- 2. Policy Brief: main messages of the VOLANTE Roadmapping exercise.
- 3. Video presentation/**You-Tube** film with main VOLANTE findings.
- 4. VOLANTE Navigator: a **queriable database** consisting of a portfolio of roadmaps, pathways and indicators, including exemplars of land use change.
- 5. Post-VOLANTE Roadmapping implementation plan







# Dissemination and exploitation plan

- Communication plan including social media is in development.
- Stakeholder database of over 250 entries: joint partner effort.
- Stakeholder involvement in workshops:
  - Scenario workshop
  - Four vision workshops
  - Trade-off workshops (in 2014)
  - Road mapping meeting for high level first in October 2013
  - Scientific publications and conferences
- Dissemination tools: website, newsletters, leaflets, open source databases and maps.
- Crowdsourcing for visions (begin 2014)









# **Outreach and Dissemination** (selection)

- Exchange meeting of EEA and VOLANTE October 2012;
- Steering Group of EU Danube Region Transport Vision in Belgrade 27 September 2012.
- 6<sup>th</sup> of May presented to the European Investment bank in Budapest.
- EIONET Forests & Foresights workshop in Stockholm 8-10
   October 2012
- Coordination meeting at DG Research & Innovation 22-23
   October 2012
- OSCE workshop on *Environment & Security* in the Southern Caucasus 28 – 30 November Tbilisi.
- Interest ROBECO (visions for sustainable land use);
- Several high level commitments to IPCC work.
- Many presentations in conferences, many publications













# **Future research priorities**

- Rounsevell, M.D.A., et al., Challenges for land system science.
   Land Use Policy (2012), doi:10.1016/j.landusepol.2012.01.007
- 1. How can the analysis of empirical and historical land system datasets provide insight into human–environment interactions?
- 2. How can integrated modelling and the ecosystem service concept contribute to the testing of hypotheses about land system functioning and decision making?
- 3. How can our current understanding of land systems inform the choices that society has about future landscapes?









# VOLANTE









COOPERATION

